



## Meeting Summary Multiple Chronic Conditions (MCC) eCare Plan Federal Partners Meeting

**Hosted by:** National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK) and Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)

Meeting Date: June 29, 2023 Meeting Time: 10:00 AM - 12:00 PM ET

**Location**: Virtual

## **Attendees**

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## Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- MCC eCare Plan Project Progress Update
  - Overall Progress Summary
  - Pilot/Focus Group Feedback





- o IG Walkthrough and STU Ballot
- App development approach and updates
- Federal Projects Round Robin Update
  - o AHRQ CDS and CDSiC
  - HRSA GWEPS and NOFO
  - NIH/NINR NOFO on healthcare-community partnered social needs and SDOH interventions
  - ONC LEAP, eLTSS FHIR IG and Implementation, Draft USCDI v5, HTI-1 Clinical Decision Support, ONC Progress in Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) Information Exchange Activities, TEFCA Overview and Updates
  - CMS CMMI Specialty Care Integration
  - o ASPE Equity Consortium Plans
- What's Next for the eCare Plan Project?
- Concluding Thoughts & Next Steps

## Discussion

Discussion		
Agenda Topic	Discussion	
Welcome and Introductions	<ul> <li>Jenna Norton (NIDDK) thanked attendees and highlighted the value of these federal partner meetings in fostering learning about developments in the field, often influencing the direction of their work and identifying avenues for collaboration.</li> <li>Arlene Bierman (AHRQ) described the importance of care planning and the necessity of integrating it into practice and workflow. She introduced an initiative by AHRQ through the ACTION 4 Network funding to increase the uptake and scale of person-centered care planning, with David Dorr (OHSU) serving as one of the investigators.</li> <li>This project will include a stakeholder roundtable and a learning collaborative. She encouraged attendees to suggest individuals for participation in these initiatives, emphasizing the importance of gathering diverse perspectives.</li> </ul>	
MCC eCare Plan	Overall Progress Summary	
Project Progress Update	<ul> <li>Karen Bertodatti (EMI), serving as the project manager for the NIDDK contract, acknowledged the project's collaborating contractors, EMI Advisors and RTI International, and the implementation and pilot partner, Oregon Health and Sciences University (OHSU).</li> <li>Karen provided background for the project. This project focuses on individuals with multiple chronic conditions (MCCs) and the challenges they face within the healthcare system. These challenges include fragmented care delivery, data interoperability issues, and disparities in care among different demographic groups.</li> <li>To address this, the project will develop three deliverables:         <ul> <li>Identification of data elements for five initial chronic disease domains,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	





Agonda Tonio	Discussion
Agenda Topic	
	■ Development of a Health Level 7 (HL7) Fast
	Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR)
	implementation guide, and
	■ Creation and pilot testing of clinician-, patient- and
	caregiver-facing care plan applications.
	<ul> <li>Karen shared that we are in year five of the project, and</li> </ul>
	are currently developing and implementing the HL7 FHIR
	implementation guide and the SMART on FHIR apps.
	Pilot/Focus Group Feedback
	<ul> <li>Laura Marcial (RTI) highlighted the work done to date,</li> </ul>
	including focus groups with clinicians, primarily led by
	OHSU.
	<ul> <li>Michelle Bobo (OHSU) discussed the timeline and</li> </ul>
	objectives of the focus groups.
	■ The focus groups aim to gather formative feedback
	from clinicians working with patients with multiple
	chronic conditions. The sessions are divided into
	three rounds to guide application development and
	evaluate the new version of the app.
	<ul> <li>Results of the first focus group identified priority areas for</li> </ul>
	application enhancements and new feature development.
	<ul> <li>Key themes included the need for current, reliable,</li> </ul>
	and actionable information, improved
	communication across the care team, better
	documentation and inclusion of all members of a
	patient's care team, and enhanced access to
	social concerns.
	■ Feedback from clinicians highlighted the desire for
	more customization options, concerns about data
	accuracy, and the need for deeper information
	presentation in a minimalist interface.
	<ul> <li>Overall, providers valued having access to</li> </ul>
	patient-reported information but expressed
	concerns about its trustworthiness. Data
	integration from multiple sources was seen as
	valuable as long as redundancy was minimized.
	<ul> <li>Ellen Blackwell asked for clarification on "Who is the</li> </ul>
	caregiver?" She raised concerns about identifying the
	appropriate caregiver to grant access to patient
	information.
	Michelle Bobo clarified that the focus in this setting
	is on patients who have designated a family
	member as a legal proxy to access their records.
	■ Arlene Bierman added that pilot testing involves
	patients, caregivers, and clinicians to ensure that
	patients, caregivers, and clinicians to ensure that patients have control over who their caregiver is
	and what information they can access.





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	different levels of information access and
	caregiving roles among family members. While
	these considerations have been recognized, they
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	have not yet been fully implemented in the current
	versions of the system.
	Maria Michaels (CDC) recommended engagement with the HLZ working group focused on defining the care team.
	the HL7 working group focused on defining the care team,
	as they could offer valuable insights and help establish
	standards for broader use beyond the current project.
	■ Karen added that the project incorporated
	caregiver perspectives from the Technical Expert
	Panel (TEP) convened in year three of the project.
	One recommendation was to include the Caregiver
	Strain Index, a questionnaire that measures strain
	on the caregiver, in the app.
	IG Walkthrough and STU Ballot
	Gay Dolin (Namaste Informatics) provided an overview of
	HL7, emphasizing the development of a standard that
	leverages FHIR for data queries and retrieval.
	This project created the MCC eCare Plan Implementation
	Guide, which is undergoing comment reconciliation and
	being prepared for publication.
	■ The IG's use cases include upgrading and
	supporting specific care plans within clinical
	contexts and exposing shared e-care plans to
	clinical care teams, patients, or caregivers.
	■ CareTeam exists within HL7 standards, but
	enhancements are being made to the care team
	domain analysis model.
	Gay also showcased the home page of the
	implementation guide and discussed plans to incorporate
	plain language summaries into future guides, following
	experimentation and positive feedback.
	Key updates made since the previous ballot include:
	■ Updating to align with US Core 6.1,
	<ul> <li>Addressing concerns related to custodian</li> </ul>
	identification,
	<ul> <li>Streamlining care team representations,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Addition of features like FHIR bundles for</li> </ul>
	transmitting aggregated care plan information, and
	<ul> <li>Clarifications on including text in lieu of coded</li> </ul>
	information.
	Marcel Salive (NIA) asked for clarification on
	CareTeam.relatedPerson and why this replaced
	Caregiver.





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Agenda Topic	
	■ Dave, Gay, and Karen answered that
	"relatedPerson" is the name of the standard field in
	the FHIR specification to denote anyone who is not
	a practitioner and who is playing a role on the care
	team. These may include a spouse, relatives,
	friends, an attorney or guardian, and even a guide
	dog. Additionally, this is a term used only by
	developers and is not visible on the person-facing
	apps.
	■ Supporting links:
	<ul> <li>https://build.fhir.org/careteam.html</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>https://hl7.org/fhir/R4/relatedperson.html</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Gay extended an invitation for interested parties to join</li> </ul>
	upcoming meetings of the HL7 Patient Care Work Group
	for continued discussion and refinement of the
	implementation guide.
	App development approach and updates
	A primary emphasis of the apps is aggregating and
	displaying data from multiple providers.
	The patient/caregiver and clinician apps are being
	pilot-tested at OHSU. This work involves patients
	and caregivers in expressing and providing
	content.
	The app development aligns with the components
	of a comprehensive care plan, such as giving
	individuals direct access to health data, allowing
	patients and caregivers to contribute to shared
	care plans, and incorporating social determinants
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	of health (SDOH) assessments.  Another focus is on clinicians' and caregivers' desires to
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	better express goals for the patient and understand the
	patient's health goals.
	The third focus is on integrating SDOH assessments and pulling out outcome measures.
	pulling out outcome measures.
	Out-of-scope elements for application development     include recording corrections, achoduling appointments.
	include recording corrections, scheduling appointments,
	secure messaging, and offering the apps in other
	languages.
	The applications leverage the 21st Century Cures Act to
	enable giving patients direct access to their health data.
	Challenges include:
	■ Limitations in existing electronic health record
	(EHR) systems for capturing and representing
	goal-oriented care and
	<ul> <li>Constraints on patient-contributed content due to</li> </ul>
	read-only access in EHR applications.





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/ Igoriaa Topio	0	The MCC care plan technical architecture involves the use
		of a supplemental data store to host patient-contributed
		content.
	0	In the patient- and caregiver-facing application, patients
		and caregivers contribute to their care plans by creating
		health goals, adding health concerns, and completing
		questionnaires. This content is stored in a supplemental
		data store.
		■ The supplemental data store hosts
		patient-contributed content, including health goals,
		concerns, and questionnaire responses related to
		SDOH and outcomes.
		<ul> <li>The application presents aggregated data in a</li> </ul>
		meaningful and usable way. It includes features
		such as categorizing diagnoses based on
		extensive value sets using Clinical Quality
		Language (CQL).
	0	Clinicians can access aggregated patient data from their
		institution, allowing them to view comprehensive health
		information collected from multiple providers. This
		includes data from patient-contributed content stored in
		the supplemental data store.
	0	The current efforts of the team are focused on refining the
		CQL logic in the clinician and patient/caregiver apps and
		building on goal expression capabilities.
	0	Dave invited federal partners to identify related projects to
		participate in upcoming Connectathons to foster
		collaboration in implementing FHIR standards.
	0	Karen, Jenna, and Arlene provided more detail on The
		PACIO Project (Post Acute Care Interoperability), a CMS
		initiative that eCare has been able to build on.
Federal Projects	• AHRC	) - CDSiC
Round Robin	0	James Swinger introduced himself. He has a background
Update		in biomedical engineering and supports AHRQ's clinical
		decision support (CDS) projects.
	0	The Clinical Decision Support Innovation Collaborative
		(CDSiC) aims to incorporate research findings around
		CDS and ensure their usability and effectiveness in
		healthcare settings.
	0	Under the Affordable Care Act, CDS is included as a
		means to promote the incorporation of research findings
		and receive feedback from the field to inform CDS.
	0	To meet this legislative requirement, AHRQ's PCOR CDS
		Initiative consists of four pillars:
		■ Engaging with stakeholders,
		■ Creating prototype infrastructure for CDS
		development and sharing,





Agenda Topic	Discussion
Agenda Topic	■ Advancing CDS through grant-funded research,
	and
	<ul><li>Evaluating the overall initiative to date.</li></ul>
	The workgroups within these four pillars have produced
	various reports and resources accessible on the project
	website. Products include taxonomy, spreadsheets, and
	reports targeting different aspects of patient-centered
	CDS.
	<ul> <li>Future Work includes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Continued development of resources and</li> </ul>
	expansion of the evidence base.
	<ul> <li>Incorporation of AI into patient chatbots for</li> </ul>
	improved communication with clinicians.
	■ Focus on health equity, real-world testing, and
	scalability of patient-centered CDS.
	<ul> <li>Jim invited stakeholders to participate in the project or</li> </ul>
	provide <u>feedback</u> .
	VA CKD Care Transformation
	<ul> <li>Jerry Osheroff, a half-time VA employee, supports care</li> </ul>
	transformation efforts based on prior work from the
	AHRQ's Evidence-Based Care Transformation Support
	(ACTS) initiative.
	The VA is applying the Health Service Blueprint to
	expedite care transformation, especially in CKD
	management.
	■ Planned solutions involve a unified dashboard for
	patient visits, targeting reduced suffering,
	healthcare costs, and care team burnout.
	VA is creating a learning community to share strategies  and tools for advancing CKD care transformation.
	<ul> <li>and tools for advancing CKD care transformation.</li> <li>For more information or involvement, contact Jerry</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For more information or involvement, contact <u>Jerry</u></li> <li>Osheroff.</li> </ul>
	HRSA - Geriatrics Workforce Enhancement Program
	Joan Weiss shared a notice of funding opportunity for
	geriatric workforce enhancement, and applications are
	due February 25.
	<ul> <li>The Geriatrics Workforce Enhancement Program (GWEP)</li> </ul>
	aims to educate and train healthcare and supportive care
	workforces in caring for older adults.
	<ul> <li>Objectives include developing reciprocal relationships with</li> </ul>
	academia, primary care sites, and community
	organizations; promoting interprofessional training; and
	establishing educational training sites in underserved
	areas.
	<ul> <li>With an expected budget of \$43 million, the GWEP plans</li> </ul>
	to make 43 awards, each worth \$1 million annually, from
	July 2024 to June 2029.





Discussion
<ul> <li>Requirements include training the workforce on care for individuals with multiple chronic conditions, including the e-care plan, and utilizing artificial intelligence, assistive technologies, and mobile health technologies for telehealth and in-person care delivery.</li> <li>NIH/ National Institute of Nursing Research (NINR) - NOFO on healthcare-community partnered social needs and SDOH</li> </ul>
interventions
<ul> <li>Shalanda Bynum shared a new NOFO through NINR:         RFA-NR-24-003: Clinical-Community Linkages to Address         Unmet Social Needs and Adverse Social Determinants of         Health to Advance Health Equity among Populations         Experiencing Health Disparities: The Bridge-to-Care         Initiative (R01 Clinical Trial Optional) (nih.gov).</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The NINR is offering a funding opportunity called the Bridge to Care Initiative to improve care efficiency and effectiveness for underserved populations by leveraging healthcare and community partnerships.</li> <li>The initiative seeks prospective intervention and evaluation proposals with a primary focus on health outcomes, combining health and social data to address adverse health outcomes in</li> </ul>
populations.  Key components include creating or expanding partnerships between healthcare and community organizations, aiming for mutually beneficial collaborations to address health and social needs holistically.  Research interests include interventions conducted in healthcare settings to address patient or family health-related social needs, expanding community-level resources, and evaluating interventions targeting social determinants of health.
<ul> <li>ONC</li> <li>eLTSS FHIR IG</li> <li>The Electronic Long Term Service and Support (ELTSS) Implementation Guide is derived from data sets used in CMS testing grants from 2014 to 2018.</li> <li>eLTSS IG STU2 passed the HL7 January 2024 ballot but awaits reconciliation of pending issues.</li> <li>Updates include removing CarePlan.activity.detail (a deprecated data structure) and aligning with US Core 3.1 standards.</li> <li>Missouri is conducting testing for eLTSS data</li> </ul>





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		networks, with plans for live implementation in the
		spring.
	0	USCDI v5 draft
		<ul> <li>The USCDI v5 draft was released at the end of</li> </ul>
		January, and of the 58 data elements
		recommended, 13 were adopted. Additionally,
		there are two new data classes: Observations and Orders.
		<ul> <li>Please submit comments on the new data</li> </ul>
		elements and classes for USCDI v5 by
		April 15, and identify any data elements
		that may have been missed.
		<ul> <li>Of particular relevance to Care Plan are:</li> </ul>
		(1) Advance Directive Observation (2)
		Orders, (3) Interpreter needed, (4)
		Provenance - Author, and (5) Provenance -
		Author role.
	0	Predictive Decision Support Interventions (DSIs) in
		Healthcare
		■ The Health Data, Technology, and Interoperability:
		Certification Program Updates, Algorithm
		Transparency, and Information Sharing (HTI-1)
		Final Rule was released.
	0	SDOH Information Exchange alignment
		■ The White House released an SDOH Playbook
		<ul><li>highlighting work taking place across agencies.</li><li>ONC published an SDOH toolkit. There are</li></ul>
		additional details included in the slides.
		■ The learning forums have since ended, but ONC is
		taking a state-based approach for support of
		implementation with the first learning session
		starting next week.
	0	TEFCA Overview and Updates
		■ The background information on TEFCA can be
		found on the exchange purposes slide. There are
		forthcoming SOPs seeking feedback.
		■ TEFCA is now live with five designated QHINs.
		■ Please review the TEFCA Recognized
		Coordinating Entity® (RCE) batch of draft
		documents by February 5, online, via email, or
		during upcoming webinars.
		<ul> <li>The Public Health SubXP-1, which includes</li> </ul>
		details on electronic disease and care
		reporting, deadline has been extended to
		February 12.
		The FHIR roadmap v2 was just released.
	CMS -	CMMI





Agenda Topic	Discussion	
	0	Mitchell Beers shared updates on the Making Care
		Primary (MCP) model, launching this July.
	0	MCP targets comprehensive primary care for
		underrepresented patients across eight states.
	0	The model prioritizes specialty care integration, mandating
		collaborative arrangements with specialists.
	0	New model-specific codes incentivize collaboration
		between primary care and specialty providers.
	• CDC -	CPG-on-FHIR IG
	0	Maria Michaels did not get a chance to share verbal
		updates but provided an update via the chat.
	0	Clinical Practice Guidelines (CPG) FHIR IG, which has
		intersections with this eCare Plan work, was just balloted
		in the January 2024 cycle for STU2.
	0	She recommended following the updates to the IG for any
	_	impacts to eCare Plans.
	0	MedMorph, which is a reference architecture for
		automated data exchange, is resuming its technical expert panel to inform potential updates to the architecture and
		input on a variety of use cases. If you're interested in
		joining, please contact <u>maria.michaels@cdc.gov</u> .
	• ASPE	- Equity Consortium Plans
	0	Jenna noted that the eCare project is funded through the
		ASPE Patient-Centered Outcome Research Trust Fund
		(PCOR TF). In the past, they had a more traditional
		funding process with written applications following group
		discussions.
	0	They are moving into a new approach using consortiums
		to identify larger projects. Three consortia are running,
		one of which is focused on health equity.
	0	The consortia will generate project ideas based on prior
		ASPE PCOR TF projects.
	0	Jenna shared some current ideas under consideration:
		■ Implementation of the eCare Plan in
		under-resourced settings potentially working with
		HRSA's community health centers.
		Potential translation and cultural adaptation of the
		apps as well as some of the measures that are used
		to ascertain patient-reported data. <ul> <li>Using AHRQ's small-area SDOH database that</li> </ul>
		could enable adding geolocation to the apps to and
		using that database to provide SDOH indicators.
	0	Arlene added another prompt for the brainstorming to think
		about where we could use the eCare Plan applications
		such as FQHCs.
	0	Arlene invited attendees to share ideas that build off of the
		eCare project in a larger context.





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	<ul> <li>Arlene also shared that the data standards exchange around care planning identified in the</li> </ul>
	eCare project would benefit Mitchell's work at
	CMMI. The data standards can be used
	independently of the MCC eCare apps to share
	data more easily in primary care settings.
	<ul> <li>Marcel Salive commented that he was recently contacted</li> </ul>
	by the GUIDE program for Alzheimer's care looking for
	evaluation measures. They are looking for caregiver strain
	and quality of life measures.
	<ul> <li>Marcel noted that since the MCC eCare Plan app</li> </ul>
	includes administration of the PROMIS-29 and
	Caregiver Strain Index, that could be included in
	their evaluation strategy.
	Arlene added that the app aims to collect data that
	isn't typically found in the medical record for
	purposes such as research. Arlene also added that
	we could incorporate other assessments in a
	standard way to be administered by the MCC eCare
	app if they required any more specific to Alzheimer's.
	NIA - Grant updates
	Marcel shared that last year, the NIA issued new grants
	for the use of FHIR for clinical research. The MCC eCare
	Plan was referenced in the NOFO, and two of the
	awardees are using eCare Plan deliverables. One
	requirement is gathering interoperable data that might not
	be accessible to the researchers otherwise and using it to
	validate some of their outcome measurements.
	<ul> <li>MC COMPARE is led by David Dorr which involved two</li> </ul>
	trials around hypertension and CKD.
	<ul> <li>The other project is at Brigham and Women's Hospital led</li> </ul>
	by Anuj Dalal and Robert Rudin which is incorporating the
	Sync for Science program for managing consent as well.
	<ul> <li>These are three-year projects with investigator meetings</li> </ul>
	to share learnings.
	Jenna added that the MCC eCare team is meeting with  April Dalat's team in the coming weeks. The team is according.
	Anuj Dalal's team in the coming weeks. The team is eager
	to learn more about their implementation questions.
	<ul> <li>Jenna noted that eCare was included in the NIA</li> <li>NOFO due to these federal partner meetings so</li> </ul>
	this forum is a good place to discuss these types
	of mutually-beneficial collaborations.
	Arlene appreciated that the two studies are very
	complementary. They cover different implementation
	settings where one is focused on care and safety for
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Agenda Topic	Discussion
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What's Next for the eCare Plan Project?	<ul> <li>Jenna shared that the NIDDK NOFO around pilot interventions for social care advancing health equity received over 30 applications and the eCare plan was highlighted in this NOFO.</li> <li>Arlene discussed plans for an expert panel and leadership roundtable to address the support needed for care planning for the AHRQ Action project. They are seeking input from innovative health systems and practice networks as they aim to implement structural changes to facilitate care planning. ACTION 4 is launching a learning community to promote the adoption of care planning in routine practice, emphasizing accessibility and integration into healthcare delivery.</li> <li>Jenna added that there are new data elements in USCDI v4 relating to care planning that are focused on goals and preferences.</li> <li>The NIMHD recently funded a grant for clinical decision tools to facilitate social risk-informed care planning. Jenna connected with their team at the recent Academy Health Dissemination &amp; Implementation Conference to explore synergy opportunities. Although clinical decision support was out of scope for the eCare Project, they discussed potential integration with their work to enhance eCare's collective impact.</li> <li>Jenna stated that if any of the federal partners are considering a project in the health IT space, NIDDK/AHRQ would be happy to support and collaborate.</li> </ul>
Concluding Thoughts & Next Steps	<ul> <li>Jenna and Arlene invited feedback from the group for ideas on future collaboration with eCare work.</li> <li>Karen shared that the slides will be posted after the meeting and the summary will be posted in 2 weeks.</li> </ul>